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Grade 7 Probability & Data Worksheet
Date:
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Name: $\qquad$

## LET'S PRACTICE WITH PROBABILITY OF COMPOUND EVENT Solve the following problems

1. Three students are chosen at random. Find the probability that all three were born on Wednesday.
a. $\frac{1}{21}$
b. $\frac{3}{7}$
c. $\frac{3}{365}$
d. $\frac{1}{343}$
2. A bag contains 2 yellow marbles and 5 red marbles. Two marbles are drawn at random. One marble is drawn and not replaced. Then a second marble is drawn. What is the probability that the first marble is red and the second one is yellow?
a. $\frac{5}{2}$
b. $\frac{1}{5}$
c. $\frac{5}{21}$
d. $\frac{5}{42}$
3. The probability of rain on Monday is 0.1 . The probability of rain on Tuesday is 0.8 . What is the probability of rain on both Monday and Tuesday?
4. A coin is tossed and a die is rolled. What is the probability that the coin shows tails and the die shows a 3 ?
5. A coin is tossed and a number cube is rolled. What is the probability that the coin shows heads and the number cube shows an odd number?
6. John, Mark, and Tim are leading a three mile race. If they take first, second, and third place, what are the possible ways they could come in first, second, and third? (In the options, J stands for John, M for Mark and T for Tim)
7. 



Lucy has the spinner pictured and spins it twice in a row. What is the probability that she lands on blue first and then on yellow or green?
a. $\frac{1}{16}$
b. $\frac{1}{6}$
c. $\frac{1}{8}$
d. $\frac{3}{4}$

## Probability of Compound Event

## Answers

Hint: Probability formulas are used to calculate the probabilities of events. Finding the probability of an event A happening can be calculated using the formula.

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\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{~A})=\frac{\text { Number of times } \mathrm{A} \text { occurs }}{\text { Total number of possible outcomes }}
$$

$\mathrm{P}(\operatorname{not} \mathrm{A})=1-\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A})$
For mutually exclusive events: $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A}$ or B$)=\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A})+\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{B})$
For independent events: $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A}$ and B$)=\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A}) \times \mathrm{P}(\mathrm{B})$

1. A
2. C
3. 0.08
4. $\frac{1}{12}$
5. $\frac{1}{4}$
6. JMT, JTM, MJT, MTJ, TMJ, TJM
7. C
