



Adding to complete one hundred (with carrying and missing addends)

Grade 3 Addition Worksheet

Date: _____

Name: _____

LET'S MAKE ADDITION OF NUMBERS FUN

Complete the sum.

1. + 57 = 100

2. + 8 = 100

3. 72 + = 100

4. + 4 = 100

5. 54 + = 100

6. 37 + = 100

7. + 98 = 100

8. 82 + = 100

9. + 76 = 100

10. 7 + = 100

11. 95 + = 100

12. + 6 = 100

13. + 71 = 100

14. 58 + = 100

15. + 34 = 100

16. + 52 = 100

17. + 9 = 100

18. 38 + = 100

19. 74 + = 100

20. 61 + = 100

Adding to complete one hundred (with carrying and missing addends)

<p>1. 43 + 57 = 100</p> <p>2. 92 + 8 = 100</p> <p>3. 72 + 28 = 100</p> <p>4. 96 + 4 = 100</p> <p>5. 54 + 46 = 100</p> <p>6. 37 + 63 = 100</p> <p>7. 2 + 98 = 100</p> <p>8. 82 + 18 = 100</p> <p>9. 24 + 76 = 100</p> <p>10. 7 + 93 = 100</p>	<p>11. 95 + 5 = 100</p> <p>12. 94 + 6 = 100</p> <p>13. 29 + 71 = 100</p> <p>14. 58 + 42 = 100</p> <p>15. 66 + 34 = 100</p> <p>16. 48 + 52 = 100</p> <p>17. 91 + 9 = 100</p> <p>18. 38 + 62 = 100</p> <p>19. 74 + 26 = 100</p> <p>20. 61 + 39 = 100</p>
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Answer Explanation: Remember that;

The numbers you add together to get the total are called *Addends*. Notice that, regardless of the position of your missing addend, you will do some subtraction if it takes more than 10 numbers to get to the total.

Example 1:

We count how many numbers we need to get to the sum.

We have 95 plus some numbers equals 100.

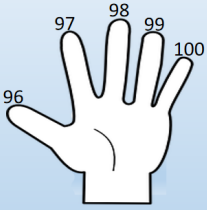
$$95 + \square = 100$$

We start at 96, and go up to the 100.

$\xrightarrow{96} \xrightarrow{97} \xrightarrow{98} \xrightarrow{99} \xrightarrow{100}$

So, it takes us 5 numbers to get to the 100. Thus,

$$95 + \square = 100$$



Example 2:

$\begin{array}{r} \text{H T U} \\ 0 \\ \cancel{1}0 \\ - 5 \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Because 0 is less than 2 • We need to take from the next column to the left • But the digit in the TENS column is a 0 • So, we can't take from there • We take from the nearest non-zero column to the left, that is, the hundreds column • So, we take 1 from the number to the left • Then, pair it with 0 to become 10
$\begin{array}{r} 0 \\ \cancel{1}0 \\ - 5 \\ \hline 10 \end{array}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • We need to take 1 from the number to the left • Then, pair it with 0 to become 10 • Then we take 1 from the 10 and pass it to the last 0
$\begin{array}{r} 0 \\ \cancel{1}0 \\ - 5 \\ \hline 8 \end{array}$	<p>Then we do the subtractions:</p> $\begin{array}{r} 10 - 2 = 8 \\ 9 - 5 = 4 \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{r} 0 \\ \cancel{1}0 \\ - 5 \\ \hline 48 \end{array}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Write down 8 • Write down 4